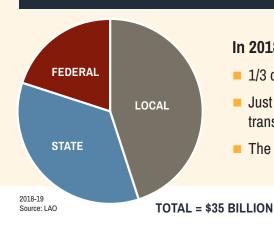


## California's Transportation System

	CAPACITY	CONDITION
Highways	<ul> <li>The state highway system includes 51,000 lane miles, which have increased in capacity just 1% over the last decade.</li> <li>The average California driver travels 19 miles per day on state highways.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>California has the second worst roads in the nation.</li> <li>The average California driver spends 3 full days a year stuck in traffic.</li> <li>68% of major roads &amp; highways in mediocre or poor condition.</li> <li>Most roads are at least 40 years old.</li> </ul>
Transit & Rail	<ul> <li>California has 139 locally-run transit systems including light rail and bus.</li> <li>Public transit supports nearly 1.5 billion trips annually with 76% being taken by bus.</li> <li>Three state-funded intercity rail routes, with ridership that has grown to 5.6 million passengers.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>43% of California's transit assets (stations, vehicles, tracks) require replacement.</li> <li>The average age of California's rail fleet is over 25 years old, which is past the identified useful lifespan for rail vehicles.</li> </ul>
Bridges	<ul> <li>More than 25,000 bridges statewide.</li> <li>50% state owned and maintained, 50% locally owned and maintained.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Approximately 50% of California bridges have exceeded their design life.</li> <li>2,663 local bridges will require rehab or replacement.</li> </ul>
Local Streets & Roads	<ul> <li>California has 335,000 lane miles of local streets and roads.</li> <li>The average California driver travels 16 miles per day on local streets and roads.</li> <li>Local streets and roads serve as the right-of-way for a majority of transit, bicycle, and pedestrian mobility.</li> <li>"Complete streets" are designed to ensure safer mobility for bicyclists and pedestrians.</li> <li>88% of local transportation agencies use some from of sustainable pavement practices.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>65% of local streets and roads are at risk of failing.</li> <li>53 of 58 counties have pavements that are at risk or have poor conditions.</li> <li>Cities and counties are working to expand bicycle and pedestrian routes and lanes in the state.</li> <li>Of the 12,105 local agency bridges in California, 829 bridges require replacement and 1,834 bridges (15%) require rehabilitation.</li> </ul>

## FUNDING FOR HIGHWAYS, ROADS, AND MASS TRANSPORTATION COMES FROM STATE, LOCAL, AND FEDERAL SOURCES



## In 2018-19 transportation funding is estimated to total \$35 billion:

- 1/3 comes from state sources, including fuel taxes and vehicle fees
- Just under 1/2 comes from local sources, such as county sales tax revenues, transit fare revenues, and city and county general funds
- The remainder comes from the federal government

